Atkinson's Saturday Evening [illegible]

A FAMILY NEWSPAPER, DEVOTED TO LITERATURE, MORALITY, SCIENCE, NEWS, AGRICULTURE AND AMU[illegible]

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From the Casket.

SORROW.

To gaze upon a lovely face,
The mirror of a lovelier mind,
Where colours revealed with every grace,
Virtue combed and refined;
Given to my sight.
More pure delight,
Than India's boasted, sparkling gem,
Or brilliant star,
That gilds the night
In stable night's bright diadem.

Such beauty, find it where you will,
Mid misery scenes or rarest bow,
Must every heart with rapture fill,
That hath with sympathy learned to beat:
The mind adorned,
By virtue formed,
What finishes, else so rich, so rare,
The sorrows flowing,
That dwells in the eye,
Is not more lovely or more fair.

More form above, without such charms,
Were but a mild, a senseless sight;
But joined with these, it all decorns,
And seems the very mind to be:
What heart is proof—
Who could be cold—
When grace and soul combined we see!
All must obey
The sovereign sway,
Be no less hard, cold, I mean.

Of course, not I; heaven is he,
With sun, the partner of life's room,
Tis then there's loveliness, when in these
The mind, is more bright, apparent—
With magic art,
And all the charms
'Tis then these make her's golden chain.
A bondage sweet,
From thee we meet,
And captives to thy power remain.
D. F. N.

For the Saturday Evening Post.

The Dream of Love.

How like a dream our life appears,
A varying scene of hope and fear,
Of bliss and woe, from which we wake,
Our last fond recompense to take:
Oh, Love! how like a dream art thou,
Of blessed hope and bank-a-woe.

It has never been determined by metaphysicians and philosophers, which of the two passions, revenge or love, is the strongest. Some have decided in favour of revenge, others in favour of suspicion; but I feel inclined to believe that love, a passion of love for the most powerful, inasmuch as it not only operates in many destructive ways, but gives birth to many passions, which are equally as powerful as itself.

From this situation, Brown perceived that Madeline was deeply engaged in some reverie or reading. A desperate resolve seized him—a resolve if possible to win or force by the aid of the most unfeeling means, the affections of the woman he loved, or if unsuccessful, to die in her presence. He advanced to the door, found it open, and entered without apprising the fair young maid of his approach. He had resumed a pleasant air in the event of the worst, he had one more trial to make. "Madeline," said he, "I have come to say a few words to you, and I hope you will not refuse to hear me." Madeline looked up from her book, and her countenance changed from a deep crimson to a deadly pallor. Her lips moved, but no sound escaped them. She had not expected to see him, and was completely overcome with trembling, or even terror. Brown, though he observed her emotion, and the cause which he had produced, was determined to proceed, and he therefore drew his chair near to her, and commenced his discourse. "Madeline,

N. Y. Post and Bulletin.

Saturday, November 23.

SALE OF STOCKS.
At the Philadelphia Stock Exchange Board.

2 shares Schuylkill Navigation Co.		11¾
2 do Girard Bank		93
3 do do		93
5 do Philadelphia Bank		115
10 do Schuylkill Navigation Co.		11¾
100 Commercial Notes 1833		100
100 do do 1833		100

JACKSON'S SATURDAY EVENING POST.

PHILADELPHIA:

Saturday, November 23, 1833.

REMOVAL.

The Printing and Publication Office of this paper is now removed to No. 26 Carter's Alley, 3d door below 3d st. between Chesnut and Walnut.

ORGAN GRINDERS—LOCOMOTIVE MUSIC.

Our city is again infested with a wandering tribe of organists, or music grinders, who peambulate our streets, straining with their delicate and unaccustomed notes, to the infinite injury of those of weak nerves, and to the great horror of the many who abominate the species of scratching and grinding. These locomotive musicians are, without doubt, in an intolerable nuisance. Their annoyance is felt over the whole city, for they are to be found at every corner, and in every street and lane. Wherever two or three shabby fellows are collected, they pull out their accursed cranks at a time until the whole atmosphere is filled with their croakings, and then an empty hat is passed round to collect donations. Hitherto be liberal, the treat will in again put in operation; if stinted the "grinder" moves off to another corner, in search of a more benevolent audience.

One of these "organists," is attended by a female, probably his wife, who accompanies the instrument with her voice. She bears the appearance of a foreigner, and is decently attired, no doubt with the view of eliciting the sympathy of the fair sex in her favor. The man is muscular and healthy, and unquestionably capable of contributing to the support of his family by manual labor, if such were his disposition. To him of the exhibitions of the evening to the fullest extent that presented by this couple. A drunken, and one we have designated as not worthy of notice, fellow, was last night compelled to move in the sphere of domestic duties, is dragged about the streets of a metropolis, and compelled to exhibit herself as the companion of a noisome drunk, subject to the lewd comments of the rabble and the ribaldry of the vulgar. And this sacrifice too, perhaps, to sustain a lazy fellow in his habits of idleness.

We know not whether there be a law and penalty that affect this case, but we feel certain that there should be. The example set before our youth by such exhibitions, is pernicious—it blunts the feelings—it tends to lessen the fastidiousness of delicacy, and engender associations and reflections of the worst character. The evil is, to our mind, a legitimate subject for corporate cognizance.

On Saturday evening the Academy of Fine Arts was attended by a brilliant array of the beauty and fashion of our city, and, as usual, it was a delightful attractive place of resort—one more likely to compensate the observer for every care and moment spent, cannot be found. The paintings, the old and modern, form a tasteful feast where the eye is pleased, the mind soothed—the heart gratified. There are single pictures in the collection, that will well repay the observation of hours. We do not wish to be considered as indifferent or narrow-mindedness on the part of those who should patronize such objects, will render this exhibition unprofitable.

The *Temperance Meeting*, at the Musical Fund Hall, in this city, on the evening of the 13th inst. was crowded in overflowing, and the proceedings marked with the true spirit of Christian philanthropy. A letter from Hon. RICHARD RUSH, to ROBERT VAUX, Esq. on the subject of the meeting, was read—an ode was sung by the promising pupils of Mr. IVES, and many pertinent remarks made by Mr. MAXWELL and other popular gentlemen. The cause is sustained with a zeal and energy which must be productive of good.

"The Heavens declare the glory of God."

A splendid and impressive phenomenon was witnessed in the vicinity and elsewhere, on the morning of the 13th instant. From 2 o'clock until the dawn of day, says a cotemporary, the air was filled with innumerable *meteors, or falling stars*, of various sizes, and darting apparently from different heights. The sky was streaked with flashes of meteoric fire, incessantly succeeded in every quarter. Hundreds of thousands of brilliant stars might be seen flying at every moment, all having the same general direction (northonly,) sloping in their descent towards the earth at an angle of about 45 degrees, and resembling flashes of fire. During the earlier stage of its appearance, the phenomenon was attended by a crepitating and hurtling sound; but at the approach of dawn this ceased, and the meteors shot forth in their splendid career in silence. The air was calm during the whole period, except an occasional slight breeze. The meteors were many times brighter than the brightest stars, gradually diminishing in number and brilliancy as daylight approached, and ceasing or becoming invisible with the disappearance of the stars.

The same phenomenon, which is universally represented as being one of the grandest exhibitions ever witnessed, was seen in various parts of the United States, and the descriptions of its appearance very nearly resemble each other.

The Museum of the Academy of Natural Sciences, in this city, has been removed to the Hall in Sansom street, above Seventh, where a more commodious and tasteful display has yet been assigned, but the attention of scientific gentlemen will unquestionably be directed to the collection. A similar phenomenon was seen on the 12th of November 1799, just thirty-four years ago, with ancient equal astonishment.

BUCHANAN COLLEGE.—We are requested to mention that the gentleman who has been appointed to assist donations for BUCHANAN COLLEGE, at Carlisle—the Rev. C. ALVORD,—is now in this city, and may be seen at Mr. HARTSHORNE'S Book store, in Fourth street near Arch. It is proposed to open this college early in the spring, and it is confidently expected, that the liberality of Philadelphia, knowing and appreciating the value of literary institutions, when well conducted, will be liberal in aiding this undertaking. The terms of admission are all sums under $10, cash—all sums over $10 in four equal annual instalments, the first to be pa'd on the 1st day of May, 1834. For the purchase of $100, the college will vest the donation name, or any name designated, in the deed or conveyance, in perpetuity, for the use of the institution, and always have one student of his recommendation, educated free of tuition.

The Book of My Lady.—Messrs. Key & Biddle have just published a volume of over 300 pp. under the above singular title. It comprises a melange of articles, in poetry and prose, some of which are sketched with the vigor and interest of an able writer. The sketches in prose are decidedly the most meritorious and attractive, particularly that of *Chatsford*, which the reader will find abounding in interest. The book will commend itself to all lovers of light reading.

In reference to the late phenomenon of the falling stars, Professor Olmsted writes as follows:—"With respect to the cause of these meteors, I do not consider it to be at all explained. Every thing of this kind, is loosely ascribed to Electricity; but in my view without any just grounds. It is my wish to obtain as many facts as I can respecting this phenomenon, and hope then to be able to deduce some rational conclusions. At present, all I can say is, that I think it evident, that the point from which all the fire-balls emanated, was from the direction of our atmosphere; that the balls were projected obliquely into the atmosphere that they were not at first luminous, but became so, and that more and more so, as they reached the lower part of the atmosphere, where they exploded, or burst asunder; and that they consisted of luminous vapor, such as, on other occasions, remained suspended in the air, like a small cloud of fog."

MR. DUANE, LATE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

We publish in another column an article from the Washington Globe, administering upon the conduct of WILLIAM J. DUANE, late Secretary of the Treasury. President from the office of Secretary of the Treasury. The article professes to show the true grounds of Mr. Duane's removal; and as it emanates from an administration paper, we should have been made upon him, for the true causes of his dismissal from office. The public have been fully satisfied that a difference of opinion existed between the President and the late Secretary, but the precise nature of this difference has been ascertained only by inference. Having given the Globe's reason, we shall of course publish Mr. Duane's, as soon as it appears.

Messrs. Purdy, Welch & Co.'s splendid menagerie of animals, arrived in this city on Thursday last, and will shortly be exhibited at Maclnel's room, south Fifth street. The caravan passed through the principal streets of the city, attended by twenty-one musicians and forty-five men and boys as waiters. The animals were in covered wagons, drawn by forty-four horses. The establishment is the most extensive in its collection of strange and wonderful animals, ever offered for exhibition in this country.

The late King of Spain.

There seems to be a probability that the death of Ferdinand will cause some trouble and contention in Spain. The heir to the throne is Maria Isabella Louisa, now in her fourth year. Previous to the birth of this child, the crown of Spain, by the laws of that kingdom, could be inherited only by males, but upon the birth of Maria, Ferdinand issued an ordinance, to counteract the Salique law. Don Carlos, the late King's eldest brother, Don Carlos, it is mentioned, is disposed to dispute the validity of Ferdinand's decree, and claims the throne. The Queen Dowager, (a sister to the Duchess of Berri) in conformity to the late will of her husband, is appointed Regent, during the minority of her daughter. The Ministry has also been changed, and the Count of Toreno has been formed to assist the Queen in the government of the kingdom.

Ferdinand VII. as we learn by a correspondent of a London paper, was born at San Lorenzo, on the 14th of October, 1784, and succeeded to the Crown of Spain by the death of his father, on the 19th of March, 1808. He married, on the 31st of May, 1802, secondly, to Isabella Maria Francesca, daughter of John VI. King of Portugal, who died on the 26th of December, 1818, thirdly, to Maria Josepha Amelie, daughter of Maximilian, Prince of Saxony, who died on the 17th of May, 1829, and fourthly, to Maria Christina, daughter of Francis, late King of the Two Sicilies, who was married on the 29th of April, 1829, and survives the King. His Majesty has left issue only by his second wife, Maria Louisa, now Queen Dowager of Spain, born October 10, 1830, and Maria Louisa Ferdinanda, born January 30, 1832. Ferdinand has also surviving him two brothers and one sister, namely, Don Carlos, born March 29, 1788, married June 25, 1816, to Louise Charlotte, Princess of the Two Sicilies, by whom he has three sons and two daughters; Don Francisco de Paula, born March 10, 1794, married June 15, 1815, to Louise Charlotte, Princess of the Two Sicilies, by whom he has three sons and two daughters; and Maria Louisa, born July 24, 1789, who became the second consort of the late King Louis Philippe, by whom she had five sons and six daughters.

THE WARREN CONVENTION

Is Ohio and Pennsylvania, as reference to a notice of the principal events in each state, organized as follows:—For Governor, Thomas Corwin; Lieut. Governor, Charles Pugh; Board of Treasury Commissioners, Charles Foos; Secretary of State, Thomas Worthington.

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Mr. Buchanan has resigned his seat in the Senate of the United States, and will be succeeded by Governor Porter. Mr. Buchanan is to be appointed Minister to Russia, in the room of Mr. Dallas, who is to be appointed Minister to England, in the room of Mr. Vaughan, who is to be appointed Minister to Spain, in the room of Mr. Everett, who is to be appointed Minister to Austria, in the room of Mr. Wheaton, who is to be appointed Minister to Prussia, in the room of Mr. Randolph, who is to be appointed Minister to Denmark, in the room of Mr. Hall, who is to be appointed Minister to Sweden, in the room of Mr. Gardenier, who is to be appointed Minister to Naples, in the room of Mr. Nelson, who is to be appointed Minister to the Papal States, in the room of Mr. Brent, who is to be appointed Minister to Portugal, in the room of Mr. Sergeant, who is to be appointed Minister to Mexico, in the room of Mr. Poinsett, who is to be appointed Minister to Turkey, in the room of Mr. Offley, who is to be appointed Minister to Persia, in the room of Mr. Wilcocks, who is to be appointed Minister to Egypt, in the room of Mr. Biddle, who is to be appointed Minister to Hayti, in the room of Mr. Granger, who is to be appointed Minister to Tripoli, in the room of Mr. Cochran, who is to be appointed Minister to Tunis, in the room of Mr. Shaler, who is to be appointed Minister to Algiers, in the room of Mr. Mordecai, who is to be appointed Minister to Morocco, in the room of Mr. Simpson, who is to be appointed Minister to Guatemala, in the room of Mr. Savage, who is to be appointed Minister to Colombia, in the room of Mr. Moore, who is to be appointed Minister to Chili, in the room of Mr. Pickett, who is to be appointed Minister to Peru, in the room of Mr. Pinkney, who is to be appointed Minister to Brazil, in the room of Mr. Wilcocks, who is to be appointed Minister to Buenos Ayres, in the room of Mr. Forbes, who is to be appointed Minister to Chili, in the room of Mr. Harris, who is to be appointed Minister to Peru, in the room of Mr. Pickett, who is to be appointed Minister to Brazil, in the room of Mr. Pinkney, who is to be appointed Minister to Buenos Ayres, in the room of Mr. Wilcocks, who is to be appointed Minister to Chili, in the room of Mr. Forbes, who is to be appointed Minister to Peru, in the room of Mr. Harris

Verily is the spice of life,
That gives it all its flavor.

From the Boston Morning Post.
ANSWER
To a Lady who requested me to restore her love letters in consequence of a quarrel.

"Grant, villain!" — Macbeth.

Return all your letters home to-day?
Nay, dearest, that cannot well be —
The rock, long ago, in the kitchen,
Stopped the goose with the quarrels, you see,
Then the flames that you wrote of, in flames
Ascended the chimney above —
Source these letters had no fellow of wood,
I gave her the fellow of love.

Aye, reason and the goose saw and rewrote —
Your love letters have come rather too late —
The reason you used in your warning
Had long since ignored me your mate
To use your theatrical figures —
By Gemini Ring! cried she,
Your grave things we'd pass by the grass,
I vow must be best of the fee.

Since I was so keen, so purcashed
To be so, my conscience all gone,
Recollect you were never offended
With me for your letters to write,
Your taste — a matter might be true,
But could not change with the time —
I know they were welcomed by your bosom,
And read fifty times, every line.

Grapes are for your revenge, "the sweet cook,"
Hamlet tells us "we all sense so have"
The goose has been caged, cooked a la mode,
The bone — don't — see,
But some of all should be known,
We grateful remission to extend,
Your bones had subserved the wrong goose,
And not the right — save the friend.

Corn Rhymes. — The cool of October seems to have come upon us before we were aware of the approach of the season. The first Council assembled in the month of October, 1742.

Poultry is so cheap at this fall that even thrifty housekeepers can afford to buy. But now to business. The Association which is to be held at "Hunter's Run," embraces the counties on the eastern of Lake Ontario where the most superb droves of Berkshire dwell.

They met in a lovely place, and horrible to relate — some of them with the consent of their wives. Previous to the ceremony, the bride put on a new suit of garments of American manufacture, bearing with them eight thirty-cent presidents.

Upon Mr. Clay's arrival at Boston, he was introduced to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and to the United States Bank. He was soon — with much appreciation of — and a bust of the Washington Genius.

A very good — of gallantry was lately displayed by — Daniel Crockett, of Kentucky, — the subject of — Mr. Crockett — with — and — with a — with a — with a